Lot 31 Bartels Run Stage 1 Jackass Flat

Geotechnical Investigation for Arbor Estates

Report 24C 0185-1 April 2024





Lot 31 Bartels Run Stage 1 Jackass Flat

Geotechnical Investigation **Arbor Estates**

Revision

Revision	Authorised	Date
24C 0185-31	SEH	26/04/2024

Distribution (this version only)

Recipient	Format	Date
GTS	On file	26/04/2024
Arbor Estates Attn: Darren Pitson	Email PDF darren@kpdgroup.com.au	26/04/2024





1 INTRODUCTION

Arbor Estates commissioned Geotechnical Testing Services (GTS) to conduct a geotechnical investigation for the proposed development at Lot 31 Bartels Run Stage 1, Jackass Flat.

The investigation has been conducted for the purpose of assessing general subsurface conditions at the site and consequently assigning a Site Classification in accordance with AS2870 – 2011 Residential Slabs and Footings.

2 INVESTIGATION

The investigation was conducted on the 12th of April 2024 using a vehicle mounted drill rig to drill 3 boreholes to depths of 1.5 to 3.0 metres within the designated area. The soil profiles and borehole locations are presented at the end of this report.

At the time of this investigation, the type of development proposed is understood by GTS to be a general classification of the lot. If the actual construction varies from this, then changes may be necessary to this classification report.

3 SITE CONDITION

The site has a slight fall to the front and is currently vacant. Controlled fill (supervised and tested by GTS) was placed to backfill a swale drain. At the time of the investigation, the surface of the site was dry to moist and lacked grass cover. There are 2 large trees in the reserve to the northeast of the site. There was no visual evidence of surface cracking or surface rock. No groundwater seepage was encountered over the investigated depths.

Full details of the soil conditions are presented in the borehole logs.

4 SITE CLASSIFICATION

After allowing due consideration to the site geology, soil conditions, drainage, controlled fill (GTS Report 24C 0123), vegetation including trees and known details of the proposed development, the site has been classified as **Class P**, due to the proximity of large trees within an adjacent reserve which may cause abnormal moisture conditions across the site.

The reactivity of the material across the site would typically lead to a Class M-D.

Foundations designed in accordance with this classification are to be subject to the overriding conditions of Section 5.



5 DISCUSSION

Particular attention should be paid to the design of footings as required by AS2870 – 2011.

In addition to the normal founding requirements arising from the above classification, particular conditions at the site dictate that the founding medium and minimum depth below existing surface levels for all footings should be as follows:

CONTROLLED FILL/NATURAL: Silty CLAY, medium plasticity, orange/brown, with fine
to coarse sand, trace fine to medium gravel, stiff to very stiff.
 At depth below 0.1 metres in the region of BH2, below 0.15 metres in the region of BH1
and at depths below 0.2 metres in the region of BH3.

Or

• SILTSTONE, distinctly weathered, pale brown, off-white, low strength rock.

At depth below 0.8 metres in the region of BHs 2 and 3 and at depths below 1.1 metres in the region of BH1.

An allowable bearing pressure of 100kPa is available for edge beams, strips and stump footings founded in the controlled fill and natural silty clays, and an allowable bearing pressure of 300kPa is available for edge beams, strips and stump footings founded in the weathered siltstone rock. All foundations should extend a minimum of 100mm into the above foundation material.

If founding on the siltstone rock, bored or screw piers may be considered. Blinding concrete (minimum strength 15MPa) may be used to bring the excavations up to design levels.

The base of all footing excavations must be free of tree roots.

The proposed development should be located a minimum distance of 0.75 x the mature height of all trees. This distance should be increased by 50% for groups or lines of trees. If this distance is impeded, then the size and distance from the development of the tree(s) needs to be taken into account when designing the foundation.

6 IMPORTANT NOTES ABOUT THIS REPORT

- The site classification presented in Section 4 assumes that the current natural drainage and infiltration conditions at the site will not be markedly affected by the proposed site development work. Care should therefore be taken to ensure that surface water is not permitted to collect adjacent to the structure and that significant changes to seasonal soil moisture equilibria do not develop as a result of service trench construction or tree root action.
- Attention is drawn to Appendix B of AS2870 and CSIRO document BTF 18 Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide as a guide to maintenance requirement for the proposed structure.



- This is not a comprehensive investigation nor is it economic or practical to determine every subsurface feature on the site. Although this investigation indicates that soil conditions are relatively uniform across the site, it is recommended that the base of all footing excavations be inspected to ensure that the founding medium meets the requirements referenced herein with respect to type and strength of founding materials. If further variations in descriptions in soil types, colour or depths are discovered during construction, this office should be notified immediately so that potential influence on the footings may be assessed.
- The soil colours provided in the borehole logs attached may vary with soil moisture content
 and individual interpretation, therefore colour alone should not be used to identify these
 soils.
- Strength characteristics of soils often exhibit a large variation between wet and dry
 conditions. Soil characteristics of a soil profile are given on the soil conditions at the time
 of the investigation.
- In the event of significant earthworks being undertaken on the site after this investigation, this report may require an amendment if appropriate.
- If FILL is found during this investigation, it is an indication of what was found during the
 investigation and it may vary over the site. It may be in the best interest of the buyer/seller
 to undertake a more detailed investigation, in this instance.

Should you have any further queries concerning these results, please do not hesitate to contact GTS on 03 5441 4881.

Prepared by

Reviewed by

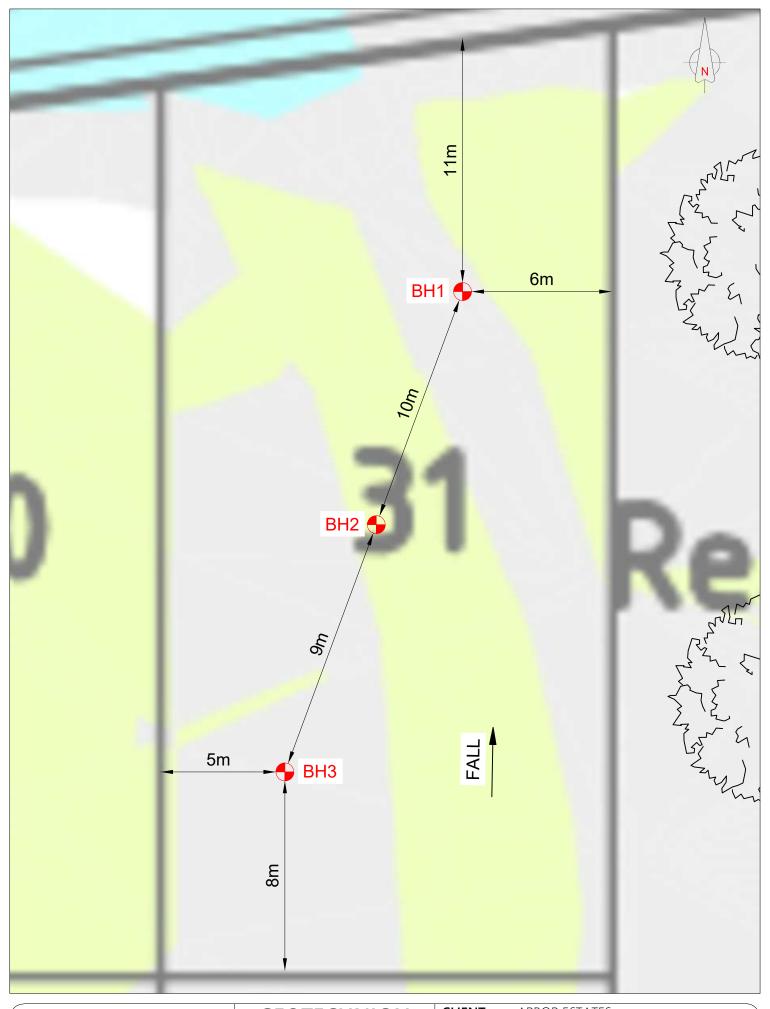
Thempton

Corey Palmer BE (Hons) GradIEAust

Graduate Geotechnical Engineer

Shane Hampton BE (Hons), MIEAust

Principal Geotechnical Engineer





GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS NOT TO SCALE

CLIENT: ARBOR ESTATES

PROJECT: LOT 31 BARTELS RUN STAGE 1,

JACKASS FLAT

GTS REF: 24C 0185-31 DRAWN BY: CP CLIENT REF: DATE: 16 APRIL 2024



GTS - Bendigo

Geotechnical Log - Borehole

13 Alstonvale Court East Bendigo VIC 3550

Phone: 03 5441 4881

1

UTM : Drill Rig : Drillman GT10 - Landcruiser Mount Job Number : 24C 0185-31
Easting (m) : 0.00 Driller Supplier : Geotechnical Testing Services Client : Arbor Estate
Northing (m) : 0.00 Logged By : PR

Groun		ation : Not		eyed	Logged By : PR Reviewed By : CP	Locati		: Site Clas	artels Run S	tage 1, Jack	ass Flat	
Total		: 3 m			Date : 12/04/2024		omment					
Water	Depth (m)	Soil Origin	Graphic Log	Classification Code	Material Description	Moisture	Weathering	Consistency	DCP	Testing (kPa) APP (kPa)	SPT	Remarks
	0.15	Fill	**	SM	Sandy SILT (SM): low plasticity, brown, stiff, fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to coarse sized gravel,	М		St				
		Controlle Fill		CI	moist. Silty CLAY (CI): stiff to very stiff, medium plasticity, orange brown, with fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to medium sized gravel, moist.	М		St-VSt				
	0.4	Natural		CI	Silty CLAY (CI): very stiff, medium plasticity, brown mottled off-white, with fine to coarse sized gravel, moist,	M		VSt	8			
					trace organics.				5			
									10			
	-								14			
									16			
	<u> </u>											
	1.1	Rock		SLT	SILTSTONE: distinctly weathered, low strength, off-white, grained, dry.	D	DW	LS	•			
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	_											
	<u> </u>											
	-											
	-											
	-											
					1 Terminated at 3m							



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Geotechnical Log - Borehole

: Drillman GT10 - Landcruiser Mount Job Number : 24C 0185-31 Easting (m) : 0.00 Driller Supplier : Geotechnical Testing Services Client : Arbor Estate Northing (m) : 0.00 Logged By Project : Site Classification

Northi		: 0.00 ation : Not		havar	Logged By : PR Reviewed By : CP	Project : Site Classification Location : Lot 31 Bartels Run Stage 1, Jackass Flat						
Total D		: 1.5			Date : 12/04/2024		omment		incio itali o	tage 1, ouch	u05 1 lut	
										Testing		
Water	Depth (m)	Soil Origin	Graphic Log	Classification Code	Material Description	Moisture	Weathering	Consistency	DCP	РР (КРа)	SPT	Remarks
	0. <u>1</u>	Fill	**	SM	Sandy SILT (SM): low plasticity, brown, stiff, fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to coarse sized gravel,	М		St				
	-	Controlled Fill		CI	moist. Silty CLAY (CI): stiff to very stiff, medium plasticity, brown mottled off-white, trace fine to coarse sized gravel, trace	М		St-VSt				
	0. <u>4</u>	Residual		CI	fine to coarse grained sand, moist. Silty CLAY (CI): stiff, medium plasticity, brown, trace fine	М		St	5			
	-				to medium sized gravel, moist.				6			
									8			
	- 0. <u>8</u>	Rock		SLT	SILTSTONE: distinctly weathered, low strength, off-white,	D	DW	LS	9			
				OLI	grained, dry.				13			
	<u> </u>											
	-											
					2 Terminated at 1.5m							
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			ш		1							



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Geotechnical Log - Borehole

UTM Drill Rig : Drillman GT10 - Landcruiser Mount Job Number : 24C 0185-31 Easting (m) : 0.00 Driller Supplier : Geotechnical Testing Services Client : Arbor Estate

Northing (m) : 0.00 Logged By Project : Site Classification

	d Elev	ation : Not	Surv		Reviewed By : CP	Locati						
Total D	epth	: 1.5	m BG		Date : 12/04/2024	Loc C	omment	: 	Testing			
Water	Depth (m)	Soil Origin	Graphic Log	Classification Code	Material Description	Moisture	Weathering	Consistency	DCP	РР (КРа)	SPT	Remarks
	0.2	Fill		SM	Sandy SILT (SM): low plasticity, brown, stiff, fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to coarse sized gravel, dry.	D		St				
	-	Natural		CI	Silty CLAY (CI): stiff to very stiff, medium plasticity, brown, trace fine to medium sized gravel, trace fine to	М		St-VSt				
					coarse grained sand, moist.				6			
	-								6			
									9			
	- 0. <u>8</u>			0.7			DW	1.0	10			
		Rock		SLT	SILTSTONE: distinctly weathered, low strength, pale brown, grained, dry.	D	DW	LS	14			
	— 1								14			
	-											
					3 Terminated at 1.5m							
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DESCRIPTIVE TERMS BOREHOLE/EXCAVATION LOG

Classification Symbol & Soil Name

Classification of material and its description is based on the Unified Classification System as referenced in AS1726 – 1993 Geotechnical Site Investigations, Appendix A. A summary of the more common terms is included within.

Particle Size Descriptive Terms

Name	Subdivision	Size
Boulders		>200mm
Cobbles		63 – 200mm
Gravel	Coarse	20 – 63mm
	Medium	6 – 20mm
	Fine	2.36 – 6mm
Sand	Coarse	0.6 – 2.36mm
	Medium	200 – 600 micron
	Fine	75 – 200 micron
Silt		2 – 75 micron
Clay		< 2 micron

Consistency of Cohesive Soils

Term	Undrained shear strength, s _u (kPa)	Field Guide
Very Soft (VS)	<12	A finger can be pushed well into the soil with little effort
Soft (S)	12 – 25	A finger can be pushed into the soil to about 25mm depth
Firm (F)	25 – 50	The soil can be indented about 5mm with the thumb
Stiff (St)	50 – 100	The surface of the soil can be indented with the thumb
Very Stiff (VSt)	100 – 200	The surface of the soil can be indented by thumb nail
Hard (H)	>200	The surface of the soil can be marked only with the thumbnail
Friable (F)	-	Crumbles or powders when scraped by thumbnail

Density of Granular Soils

Term	Density Index (%)
Very Loose (VL)	< 15
Loose (L)	15 – 35
Medium Dense (MD)	35 – 65
Dense (D)	65 – 85
Very Dense (VD)	> 85

Minor Components

Term	Field Guide	Proportion of Minor Component In:
Trace of	Presence just detectable by feel or eye	Coarse grained soils: <5% Fine grained soils: <15%
Some	Presence easily detectable by feel or eye	Coarse grained soils: 5-12% Fine grained soils: 15-30%

Moisture Condition

Dry (D) Looks & feels dry. Cohesive soils are usually hard, powdery or friable. Granular soils run freely

through the hand.

Moist (M) Soil feels cool and darkened in colour. Cohesive

soils can be moulded. Granular soils tend to

cohere. Free water does not form.

Wet (W) As for moist, but with free water forming on hands

when remoulded.

Method Support

S Auger Screwing Washboring Blade/bucket D Auger Drilling Ν Natural Exposure Coring С С Casing Roller/tricone F Hammer Drill R **Existing Excavation** Mud/polymer

Water

Not observed

Observed water level (date shown)

Observed water inflow
Observed water outflow
Refer to report for details

Structures, Additional Observations

PP Pocket Penetrometer test (kPa)
DCP Dynamic Cone Penetrometer test

(blows/100mm)

Notes, Samples, Tests

Undisturbed sample, 63mm diameter

D Disturbed sample

N* Standard Penetration Test, (*) Sample

Figure = results

Surface